



The Model Conference Global Security Issues

Faculty of International Relations, University of Economics in Bratislava



Modelová konferencia Bezpečnostná sekcia

Fakulta medzinárodných vzťahov, Ekonomická univerzita v Bratislave

Forum for 21st century on Global Cybersecurity issues

The **People's Republic of China** would like to thank the Forum for 21st Century for initiating the discussion and organizing the conference on **Global Cybersecurity issues**. We express our full support towards solving the challenges occurring in the new global scenario and reaching a common understanding between all states present.

- Recalling the draft of the Forum for 21st century on Global Cybersecurity issues, the importance of protection of international cyberspace as well as significance of international cooperation in risk management of cyberattacks in the context of global security need to be maintained,
- Noting that the majority of terrorist acts originated from Internet, which was used as a tool to broadcast information and incite crimes and stressing that economic and trade cooperation, speeding up economic development are the most fundamental ways to combat terrorism,
- Underlining the need to ensure the security of internet and other ICT networks and reaffirming that policy authority for internet-related public issues is the sovereign right of nation states,
- Highlighting the need to define cybercrimes, general instruments, commitments, rights and responsibilities, as well as common legal standards enabling prosecution of criminals operating in cyberspace,
- Recognizing the importance for enhanced cooperation and coordination of the states in addressing common threats and challenges as combating cyberattacks and cybercrimes by stressing the role of the international organizations,
- Supporting the general idea to defend the country's values, citizens, property and national interest in compliance with basic ethical standards and to elude possible unnecessary clashes with other countries by calling on international community to develop a long term viable plan,
- Therefore the People's Republic of China subscribes itself to the endeavour of the Forum for 21st century to discuss proper measures to regulate global cybersecurity issues and reach common understanding.



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Position of **People's Republic of China** to the proposals in the first draft of the negotiation paper regarding the global cybersecurity issues for purpose of the conference held by Forum for 21st Century on 29 November 2011:

- The PRC agrees with the creation of an international legal basis and terms with respect to usage and control the Internet and local intranets (governmental, corporate and others). We also propose a definition of cybercrimes, countries rights in cyberspace and responsibilities that would enable prosecution of cybercriminals.
- To comply with UN Charter which enshrines respect for the sovereignty, territorial integrity and political independence of all states, respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms, as well as respect for diversity of history, culture and social systems of all countries, the PRC stresses the need to fully respect the rights and freedom in cyberspace as well, including the rights and freedom in searching for, acquiring and disseminating information on the premise of complying with the state's laws and regulation. All states' rights and responsibilities to protect the information space and critical information infrastructure from threats, disturbances, attacks, sabotage in accordance with relevant national laws and regulations needs to be underlined.
- At the same time the PRC emphasises the need for a pledge from every state that it will not proliferate information weapons and related technologies and not use information and communication technologies (ICTs), including networks to carry out hostile activities or acts of aggression, that pose threats to international peace and security.
- The PRC proposes ensuring the supply chain security of ICT products and services, preventing other states from using foreign resources, critical infrastructures, core technologies and other advantages to threaten the right of other countries to independent control of its ICTs.
- The PRC reaffirms a call for transparent and democratic international management and cooperation among States in combating criminal and terrorist activities which use ICTs including networks, and curbing dissemination of information which incites terrorism, secessionism, and extremism or undermines other countries' political, economic and social stability, as well as their spiritual and cultural environment and supports the establishment of a joint database of these persons or groups with detailed information in order to support solid foundations of a peaceful and credible cooperation between the parties concerned.
- For this reason instead of conducting retaliatory attack or other conventional means of defence against cyberattack the People's Republic of China suggests bolstering peaceful settlement of international dispute and refraining from the threat or use of force.