

Agreement of Security Section B of the Forum for 21st century

1. On 20th March 2014, the Secretaries-General of the League of Arab States, the Foreign Ministers of Peoples Republic of China, Russian Federation, European Union, Federative Republic of Brazil and United States of America met at the Old National Council in Bratislava to propose solutions to Syrian conflict. This meeting was chaired by the Forum for the 21st century.
2. Members of the Forum for the 21st century came together out of grave alarm at the situation in Syria. They strongly condemn the continued and escalating killing, destruction and human rights abuses. They are deeply concerned about the failure to protect civilians, the intensification of the violence, the potential for even deeper conflict in the country, and the regional dimensions of the problem. The unacceptable nature and magnitude of the crisis demands a common position and joint international action.
3. Members of the Forum for the 21st Century are committed to recognising the sovereignty, independence, national unity and territorial integrity of Syria. They are determined to work urgently and intensively to bring about an end to the violence and human rights abuses and the launch of a Syrian-led political process leading to a transition that meets the legitimate aspirations of the Syrian people and enables them independently and democratically to determine their own future.
4. To secure these common objectives, the Members of the Forum for the 21st century identified steps and measures by the parties to secure full implementation of the three-point plan, including forming of Transitional Governing Body, cessation of violence in

all its forms and agreed on guidelines and principles for a political transition that meets the legitimate aspirations of the Syrian people.

Syrian conflict is a complex issue, which needs to be resolved thoroughly. Members of the Forum for the 21st century decided to address this issue in three main sections. All these sections are closely linked together and in order to fully implement this agreement it is needed to adhere to the negotiated order of implementation.

In order to solve the arisen conflict in Syria a complex political solution between the negotiating parties is required. Therefore the participant of the Forum for the 21st century agreed on the following points:

I. Peace negotiations

1. Setting a timeframe for peace negotiations

- a. Three months timeframe has been agreed on within which peace negotiations shall take place.
- b. After two months the Chair of the Forum for the 21st century should provide members of the Forum for the 21st century with feedback on the recent development in Syrian conflict. Based on this feedback the Forum for the 21st century will evaluate the effectiveness of the on-going peace negotiations and decide whether further steps can be launched.
- c. In case of unsuccessful peace negotiations the Forum for the 21st century shall meet again to discuss further actions that need to be implemented.

2. Agreement on composition of delegations

- a. The representation of current Syrian government will be present at the negotiations. It will consist of leading political figures headed by the current president.

- b. The opposition delegation will consist of all the parties willing to participate in these negotiations who are in favour of finding peaceful political solution and support territorial integrity of Syria.
- c. Groups that are excluded from these negotiations include groups or parties who are affiliated in any way with domestic or foreign terrorist or/and extremist organizations.

3. Forming a Transitional Governing Body

- a. Members of the Forum for the 21st century have agreed upon a principle according to which the Transitional Governing Body shall be composed. According to this principle the body shall be equally divided between the current Syrian government and the opposition groups as described in point 2.b. (50% - 50% principle) This division does not benefit any single party and creates adequate conditions for future stabilization of the Syrian conflict.

II. Cease fire

1. Setting a timeframe for reaching cease fire agreement and form UN observing mission
 - a. Members of the Forum for the 21st century outlined the cease fire agreement to be completed within 1 month period. This period will be divided into two parts. First two weeks will be dedicated to reaching cease fire agreement. In following two weeks UN peace keeping mission shall be deployed in Syria. Its purpose will be to monitor the implementation of the cease fire. Mission shall not engage into military actions, therefore its operation will be limited to maintaining calm situation in the country.
 - b. After implementing cease fire in Syria all media and international observers will be allowed to monitor current situation.

2. Weapons embargo

- a. Members of the Forum for the 21st century have reached a conditional consensus in this particular point, which will become effective after the European Council approval. This approval should be reached no longer than 1 week after signing this agreement. In case of negative outcome from European Council further negotiations will need to be held. Weapon embargo will include import of all military supplies provided from Forum's member states. The UN peacekeeping mission may monitor the potential unlawful importation of weapons through borders nearby to which are UN forces are stationed. All the states committed themselves to obey this restriction.
- b. Postponed validity of the existing military contracts which were agreed before this conflict between Syrian government and third party states. These contracts will be reviewed after the formation of new Syrian government.

3. Ceasing of all military actions

- a. The implementation of this cease fire agreement will be conducted on region by region principle. This particular approach will introduce a creation of sequentially formed non-fighting zones. The attention will be primarily focused on battling cities. Afterwards UN forces will shift towards rural areas, where the battles are not so intensive. The outcome of this action is supposed to be overall stabilization of the situation and prevention of further fighting. Rebels not participating on the political development in Syria shall be isolated.
- b. Security will be guaranteed by the UN peacekeeping mission as stated in paragraph II 1a.
- c. The remaining rebel forces will be isolated and the solution of this situation will be in competence of new Syrian government.

4. Forum agreed that the International Tribunal for Syrian Republic in Haag will be established right after the signing of this agreement. Its main scope of action will be concentrated on the war crime investigations committed during the Syrian civil war. Individuals accused of committing war crimes will not be eligible to execute any public functions (i.e. participating in elections) in Syria until their trial comes to an end.

III. Development after reaching stability in Syria

1. Timeframe for future developments will last for six months. It will begin after forming a Transitional Governing Body. First four months will be dedicated to constitutional reforms and the following two months will be focused on the upcoming presidential and parliamentary elections. These developments will be monitored by the UN observing mission. Its compositions shall be decided by the UN.
2. Members of the Forum for the 21st century recommend that the Transitional Governing Body will apply suggested reforms which include reduction of presidential powers, strengthening the role of parliament and rules of equal rights for every ethnical and religious group within Syria.
3. The parliamentary and presidential elections will take place after the constitutional reforms have been passed. Both elections should be fair and just and respect adopted legislative norms. The elections will be monitored by the UN missions as well. The election participation must be in accordance with constitution. The election results will be acknowledged by the Members of the Forum for the 21st century. Parties which will not recognize the results of the elections and will subsequently retaliate shall be dealt by the newly elected government.
4. Humanitarian aid will be provided after reaching the cease fire agreement. Members of the Forum for the 21st century have agreed to finance the

operations of the UNOCHA, an agency of the UN, which handles the distribution of humanitarian aid. All the issues concerning the division, case of misuse and composition of humanitarian aid will be covered by this agency. Additionally Members of the Forum for the 21st century have voluntarily committed to provide non-financial humanitarian help.

5. The situation concerning refugees who are dislocated in neighbouring countries will be dealt by UNHCR, which handles protection of refugees worldwide.

By signing this treaty Members of the Forum for the 21st century agree to all provisions stated in agreement and commit themselves to aid Syrian representatives in fulfilment of goals stated in this agreement.

In Bratislava on 20-th March 2014

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(Federative Republic of Brasil)

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(Peoples Republic of China)

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(European Union)

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(League of Arab States)

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(Russian Federation)

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(United States of America)

Annex 1: Proposed timeframe

2 months	1 month	1 month	2 months	2 months			
Formation of Transitional Government Body		Cease Fire	Humanitarian Aid				
	Submitting of report	Formation of new Syrian constitution		Preparation for elections			